

What Is Claimed Is:

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- WBI
1. A one-time programing memory element, capable of being manufactured in a $0.13\mu\text{m}$ or below CMOS technology, comprising:
 - a capacitor having an oxide layer capable of passing direct gate tunneling current; and
 - a switch having a voltage tolerance higher than that of said capacitor;wherein said capacitor is one-time programmable as an anti-fuse by application of a voltage across said oxide layer via said switch to cause direct gate tunneling current to rupture said oxide layer to form a conductive path having resistance of approximately hundreds of ohms or less.
 2. The one-time programing memory element according to claim 1, wherein said oxide layer is approximately 20\AA thick.
 3. The one-time programing memory element according to claim 1, wherein said capacitor comprises a field effect transistor having source and drain regions coupled to ground, a gate coupled to said switch and a gate dielectric forming said oxide layer.
 4. The one-time programing memory element according to claim 3, wherein said field effect transistor has a deep N-well design.
 5. The one-time programing memory element according to claim 1, wherein said switch comprises a 5volt tolerant switch having plural 2.5 volt transistors with gate oxide layers that are thicker than said oxide layer.

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6. The one-time programing memory element according to claim 1, further comprising a sensing circuit to sense whether said capacitor is programmed.

7. The one-time programing memory element according to claim 1, wherein a charge pump is not required to program said anti-fuse.

8. A process, compatible with $0.13\mu\text{m}$ or below CMOS technology, for making a one-time programing memory element, comprising the steps of:

forming a capacitor having an oxide layer capable of passing direct gate tunneling current; and

forming a switch having a voltage tolerance higher than that of said capacitor;

wherein said capacitor is one-time programmable as an anti-fuse, without a charge pump, by application of a voltage across said oxide layer via said switch to cause direct gate tunneling current to rupture said oxide layer to form a conductive path having resistance of approximately hundreds of ohms or less.

9. The process according to claim 8, wherein said oxide layer is formed to a thickness of approximately 20\AA thick.

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10. The according to claim 8, wherein said forming a capacitor step comprises forming a field effect transistor having source and drain regions coupled to ground, a gate coupled to said switch and a gate dielectric forming said oxide layer.

11. The process according to claim 10, wherein said forming a field effect transistor step further includes forming a deep N-well.

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12. The process according to claim 8, wherein said forming switch step comprises forming a 5volt tolerance switch having plural 2.5 volt transistors with gate oxide layers that are thicker than said oxide layer.

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13. The process according to claim 8, further comprising the step of forming a sensing circuit to sense whether said capacitor is programmed.

14. The process according to claim 8, wherein said process does not require forming a charge pump to program said anti-fuse.

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